south, to place National Guard troops on their State borders, Canadian border, Mexican border. It was removed from the defense appropriation bill last year. We did pass something similar to that in the House not too long ago that will probably be taken up in the Senate

Eight. Restore asylum protection to its original intent. It is one of the most abused categories we presently have for people coming into the United States. They simply call themselves a refugee and immediately get asylum, and then we never see them again. They never come back to any sort of hearing to determine whether they are, and we allow this. We say that is all you have to do, just say you are a refugee and then come back in a couple of months and we will have a hearing. Of course, they say that when they get here, and we never see them again. We have not done anything about that.

Number nine. Establish greater cooperation between local and Federal agencies and immigration law enforcement.

This is an interesting one. The Justice Department considered a proposal to encourage cooperation between INS and local law enforcement, essentially deputizing local law enforcement agents as INS agents. After a backlash from the immigrant groups, the Department of Justice appears to have backed off of this particular proposal.

Number 10. Establishing electronic verification of identity documents for employment. Have not done that yet.

Number 11. Reject further extension of 245(i). 245(i) is amnesty. We have not rejected it, it has just not made it out of the Congress so far. We came close. We came within one vote of rejecting it on this House floor not too long ago. It now is over in the Senate, where I understand that a particular member of the other body has put a hold on this provision, the 245(i) extension.

Twelve. Abolish the diversity visa program which awards large numbers of visas annually to states that sponsor terrorism.

Have not done that. We should. In fact, at last count, 55,000 visas have been approved since September 11 to people from countries on the terrorist list; 55,000.

Thirteen. Implement a temporary moratorium on immigration in order to reduce the workload of the INS, and give agencies time to implement the provisions of our entire plan. Include an executive waiver for national security reasons.

Of course, that has not been done. I have a bill to put a moratorium on for at least 5 years. I do not think it will get heard, that is the best guess I have, anyway, in committee.

Direct Immigration and Naturalization Service to begin identifying, finding and removing aliens against whom a deportation or removal order has been issued but not enforced.

We have not done that. We have, since we published this, we have forced

the INS to actually tell us how many people fit that category. How many people are in the country, we said, who have been ordered to be deported?

Now, these people, by the way, these are not people who got a parking fine. These people raped, robbed, murdered, did something, violated our laws, committed a felony, ended up in court and were aliens and were, therefore, subject to deportation.

A judge somewhere, an immigration judge, and by the way, these are not the hard core judges. These are not the hanging judges. These are immigration law judges who, more often than not, let you off with the slightest penalty. But a judge somewhere listened to the case and hammered down and said this person is out of here, is to be deported. Then they walk out the door and we never see them again.

The INS does not take them into custody. Sometimes they will send them a letter saying please report back in 6 months for deportation. Of course, it is called a run letter because when people get it, they run. So we have not accomplished much here, except we have gotten them to finally tell us how many. First they said 300,000. They have revised it upward. They now think it is about 500,000; 500,000 people have been ordered deported from the United States for violating a law, and they have simply walked out the door and we have never seen them again. These are the INS numbers. So, believe me, take that with a grain of salt as to what the real numbers are.

Well, again, I hope and pray that the President tonight is going to do what I have been told he is, what I have been told is going to happen, to announce the creation of this new department level agency, and perhaps we will know more about the specifics, what it will really mean. But as I say, Mr. Speaker, if this is what he does tonight, if this is what he proposes, then it is up to us to follow through. Because the next time something happens, we will only have ourselves to blame if we do not do everything that we can do.

CORRECTION TO THE CONGRESSIONAL RECORD OF JUNE 4, 2002, AT PAGE H3102

The following version of H. Con. Res. 36 and the amendment in the nature of a substitute was inadvertently printed in the RECORD incorrectly. The correct versions are as follows:

The Clerk read the concurrent resolution, as follows:

H. CON. RES. 36

Whereas over one million Americans suffer from juvenile (Type 1) diabetes, a chronic, genetically determined, debilitating disease affecting every organ system:

Whereas 13,000 children a year—35 each day—are diagnosed with juvenile diabetes;

Whereas 17,000 adults a year—46 each day—are diagnosed with juvenile diabetes;

Whereas juvenile diabetes is one of the most costly chronic diseases of childhood;

Whereas insulin treats but does not cure this potentially deadly disease and does not

prevent the complications of diabetes, which include blindness, heart attack, kidney failure, stroke, nerve damage, and amputations;

Whereas the Diabetes Research Working Group, a non-partisan advisory board established to advise Congress, has called for an accelerated and expanded diabetes research program at the National Institutes of Health and has recommended a \$4.1 billion increase in Federal funding for diabetes research at the National Institutes of Health over the next five years; and

Whereas a strong public private partnership to fund juvenile diabetes exists between the Federal Government and the Juvenile Diabetes Foundation, a foundation which has awarded more than \$326 million for diabetes research since 1970 and will give \$100 million in fiscal year 2001: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the House of Representatives (the Senate concurring), That Federal funding for diabetes research should be increased in accordance with the recommendations of the Diabetes Research Working Group so that a cure for juvenile diabetes can be found.

AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE OFFERED BY MR. TAUZIN

Mr. TAUZIN. Madam Speaker, I offer an amendment to the text.

The Clerk read as follows:

Amendment in the nature of a substitute offered by Mr. TAUZIN: strike out all after the resolving clause and insert:

That Federal funding for diabetes research should be increased annually as recommended by the Diabetes Research Working Group so that a cure for juvenile diabetes can be found.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE

By unanimous consent, leave of absence was granted to:

Mr. UNDERWOOD (at the request of Mr. GEPHARDT) for June 5 and 6 on account of official business.

Mr. COMBEST (at the request of Mr. ARMEY) for today on account of personal reasons.

Mrs. EMERSON (at the request of Mr. ARMEY) for today after 1:00 p.m. on account of attending son's high school graduation.

SPECIAL ORDERS GRANTED

By unanimous consent, permission to address the House, following the legislative program and any special orders heretofore entered, was granted to:

(The following Members (at the request of Mr. Green of Texas) to revise and extend their remarks and include extraneous material:)

Mr. FILNER, for 5 minutes, today.

Ms. NORTON, for 5 minutes, today.

Mr. Green of Texas, for 5 minutes, today.

Ms. KAPTUR, for 5 minutes, today.

(The following Members (at the request of Mr. WILSON of South Carolina) to revise and extend their remarks and include extraneous material:)

Mr. Shimkus, for 5 minutes, today.

Mr. WILSON of South Carolina, for 5 minutes, today.

Mr. Gutknecht, for 5 minutes, today.

Mr. Pence, for 5 minutes, today.

Mr. Jones of North Carolina, for 5 minutes, June 11.

Mr. Hunter, for 5 minutes, today.